Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved 14 May 2015 Effective Date: 30 Sep 2016

Task Number: 71-9-4700

Task Title: Provide Politico-Military Support to other Nation's Government Agencies (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the Fort Leavenworth, KS foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	JP 3-0	Joint Operations	Yes	No
	JP 3-07	Stability Operations	Yes	Yes
	JP 3-57	CIVIL-MILITARY OPERATIONS	Yes	No

Conditions: The command is conducting operations as a Joint Task Force (JTF) or Combined Joint Task Force Service (CJTF) headquarters. The command's headquarters receives liaison, unit, and individual augmentees. The command receives an operations order from higher headquarters. The commander issues guidance on providing politico-military support to other nations government agencies. The command establishes communications with subordinate and adjacent units and higher headquarters. The mission command networks, information systems, and facilities and equipment are operational and processing information. This task should not be trained in MOPP 4.

Standards: The staff provides politico-military support to other nations government agencies to include personnel, materiel, or services assistance in accordance with the commanders intent, orders from higher headquarters, and standard operating procedures.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Pla	Plan and Prepare			E	xe	cute			Assess
Operationa Environmen	al nt	Training Environment (L/V/C)	% of Leaders Present at Training/Authorized	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leade Performa Measures	Task Assessment
BDE & Above		ing nment //C)	aders ent at uthorized	oldiers ent at	ıl Eval	rmance es 'GO'	tical nance es 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	essment
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables			>=85%	000/	Yes	>=91%		>=90%	т
OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	IAV	75-84%	>=80%	es	80-90%	All		T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables		IAW unit CATS statement	65-74%	75-79%		65-79%		80-89%	P
and Single Threat)	Day	ant.	60-64%	60-74%	No	51-64%	•	700/	P-
Dynamic and Complex (<all oe<br="">Variables and Single Threat)</all>	зу		<=59%	<=59%		<=50%	<all< td=""><td><=79%</td><td>U</td></all<>	<=79%	U

Remarks: None
Notes: None.
Safety Risk: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Leaders have an inherent responsibility to conduct Composite Risk Management to ensure the safety of all Soldiers and promote mission accomplishment.

WARNING

Composite Risk Management is the Army's primary decision-making process to identify hazards, reduce risk, and prevent both accidental and tactical loss. All Soldiers have the responsibility to learn and understand the risks associated with this task.

CAUTION

Identifying hazards and controlling risks across the full spectrum of Army functions, operations, and activities is the responsibility of all Soldiers.

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
1. The staff analyzes politico-military dynamics that trigger, exacerbate, or mitigate violent conflict by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Developing shared understanding among all agencies and countries involved about the sources of violent conflict or civil strife.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Delivering a product that describes the context, core grievances and resiliencies, drivers of conflict and mitigating factors, and opportunities for increasing or decreasing conflict.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Assessing the level of security and difficulties of establishing or reestablishing security.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Identifying possible obstacles to success.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Integrating political, economic, and sociological drivers of possible or actual conflict and mitigating factors.	N/A	N/A	N/A
2. The staff determines the military contribution to stability operations by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Establishing distinct areas of control to keep factions apart and allow the joint force to monitor their actions.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Establishing a monopoly on the use of force by a single entity.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Facilitating the peace process.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Providing military expertise to the peacemaking process.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Enforcing the peace and peacemaking operations through politico-military means such as:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Cease-fires.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Peace agreements.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Military-to-military relations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Security assistance.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Peacetime deployments.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(6) Conducting peacekeeping operations or peace enforcement operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(7) Enforcing cease-fires or buffer zones.	N/A	N/A	N/A
f. Setting conditions for security sector reform.	N/A	N/A	N/A
g. Providing support to the rebuilding of national armed and intelligence services.	N/A	N/A	N/A
h. Planning efforts to disarm and demobilize armed groups and return former combatants to civilian life.	N/A	N/A	N/A
i. Establishing host nation territorial security through:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Border control and boundary security measures.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Freedom of movement measures.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Identification programs.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Protecting civilians.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Clearance of explosive ordnance and chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear hazards.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(6) Protecting indigenous infrastructure.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(7) Protecting personnel involved in the stabilization effort.	N/A	N/A	N/A
3. The staff employs a range of techniques to protect the population by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Protecting key static sites.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Providing persistent area security.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Conducting targeted action against adversaries.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Implementing population control measures.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Organizing security forces into:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Framework forces.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Strike forces.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Surge forces.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Task forces.	N/A	N/A	N/A
f. Conducting security force assistance.	N/A	N/A	N/A
4. The staff coordinates the provision of humanitarian assistance to fulfill human security requirements by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Preventing imminent loss of life.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Providing support to foreign humanitarian assistance efforts to alleviate urgent needs caused by disaster or catastrophe when requested by the Office of US Foreign Disaster Assistance.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Providing humanitarian assistance as part of nation assistance to include:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Humanitarian and civic assistance to the local populace provided in conjunction with authorized military operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Military civic action to enable indigenous military forces to provide humanitarian assistance.	N/A	N/A	N/A
5. The staff determines the military contribution to humanitarian assistance operations by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Conducting dislocated civilian support missions.	N/A	N/A	N/A

b. Countering human trafficking.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Assessing requirements for emergency food assistance and food security.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Providing shelter and other non-food relief.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Coordinating humanitarian demining assistance requirements.	N/A	N/A	N/A
f. Protecting and rebuilding infrastructure, potable water, sewage disposal, and health services.	N/A	N/A	N/A
g. Coordinating support to education programs.	N/A	N/A	N/A
6. The staff plans to support economic stabilization, infrastructure restoration, rule of law, and governance activities if requested by US government agencies.	N/A	N/A	N/A
7. The staff reorganizes politico-military activities from the international military lead to host nation leadership based on the level of threat activities and the capacity of indigenous forces.	N/A	N/A	N/A

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	М	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Never

MOPP 4 Statement: None

NVG: Never

NVG Statement: None

Prerequisite Collective Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	71-9-5200	Assess the Operational Situation	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-5300	Prepare Plans (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-5400	Control Subordinate Operational Forces (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-6500	Provide Security for Operational Forces (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved

Supporting Collective Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	71-TA-5310	Conduct Operational Mission Analysis for Theater Army	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	150-LDR-5003	Use the Mission Order Technique	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-2300	Perform Information Collection	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5111	Conduct the Military Decisionmaking Process	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5144	Develop a Running Estimate	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5145	Conduct Risk Management	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5200	Conduct Command Post Operations	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s):

Task ID	Title
OP 4.7	Provide Political-Military (POLMIL) Support

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
71-20	Common Hardware Platform (CHP)	DVC	1
71-30	Joint Land Component Constructive Training Capability (JLCCTC) Objective System	DVC	1

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
No materiel items specified			

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.